

Measurement of D^0 decays to $K_L^0\pi^0$ and $K_S^0\pi^0$

Charm group meeting

Status Report

04/04/06

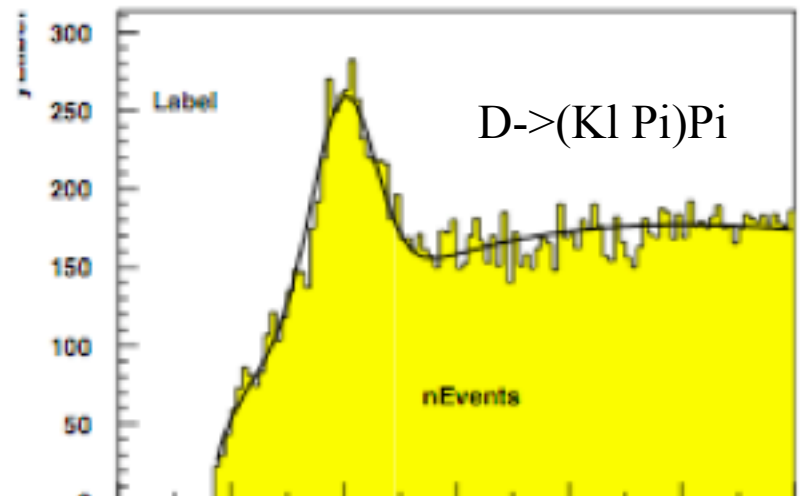
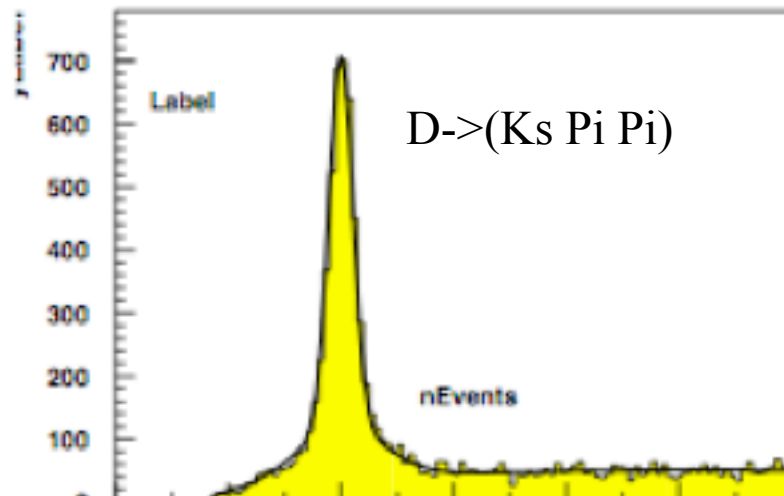
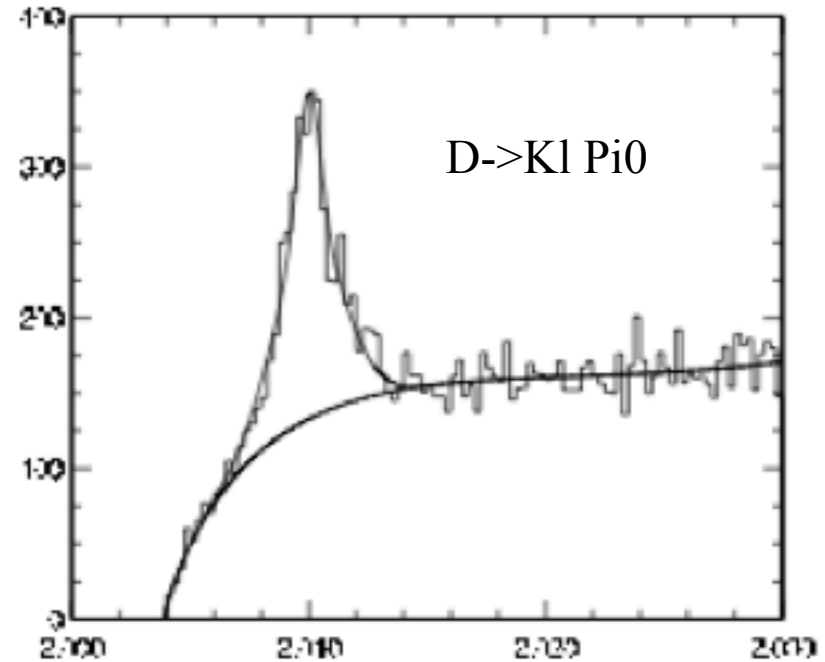
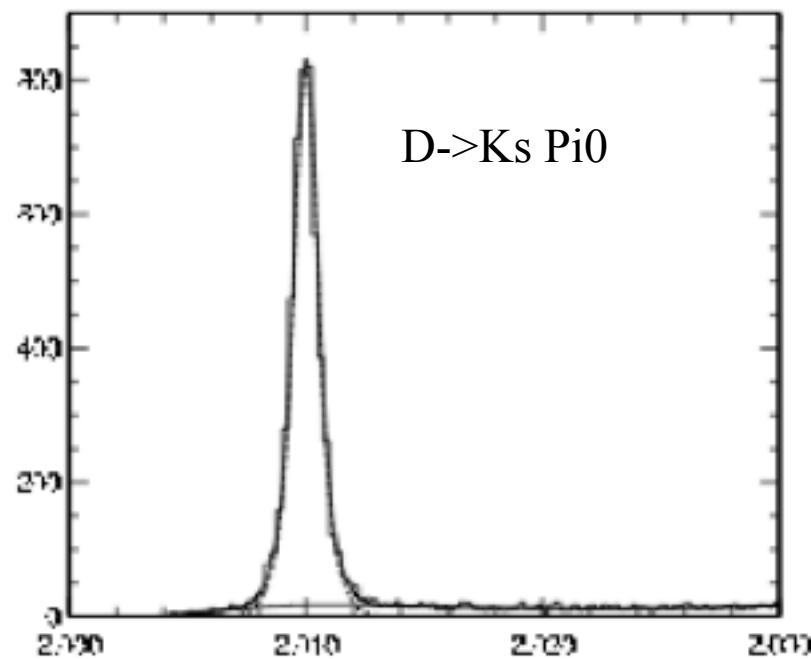
Manmohan Dash

Virginia Tech

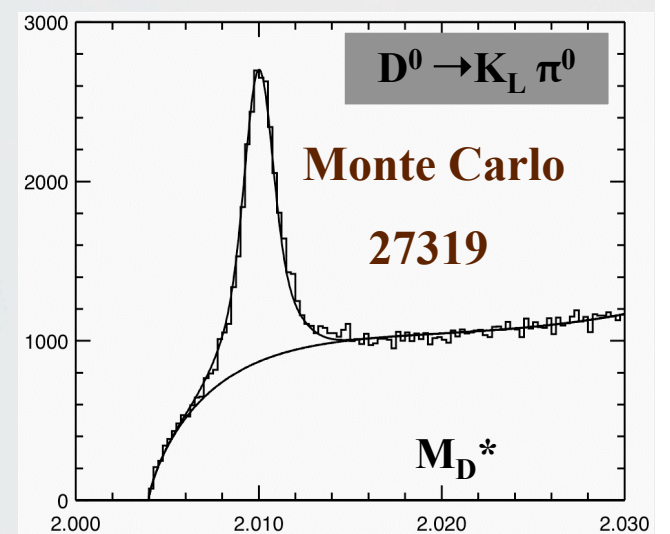
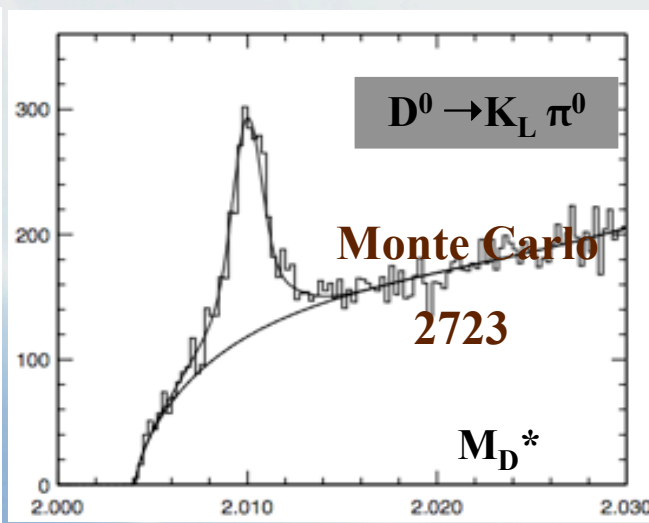
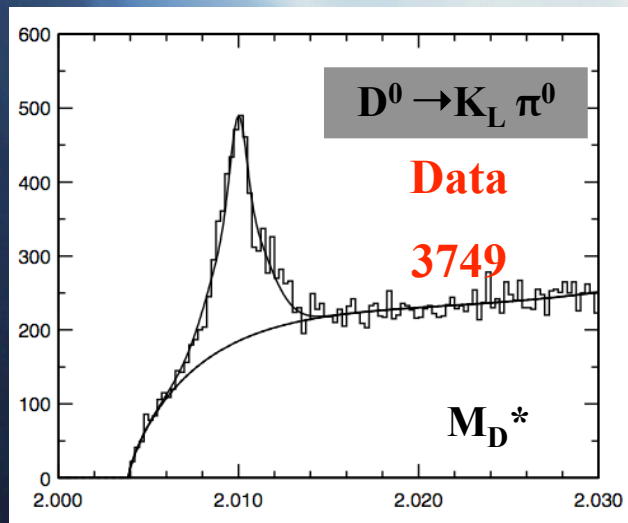
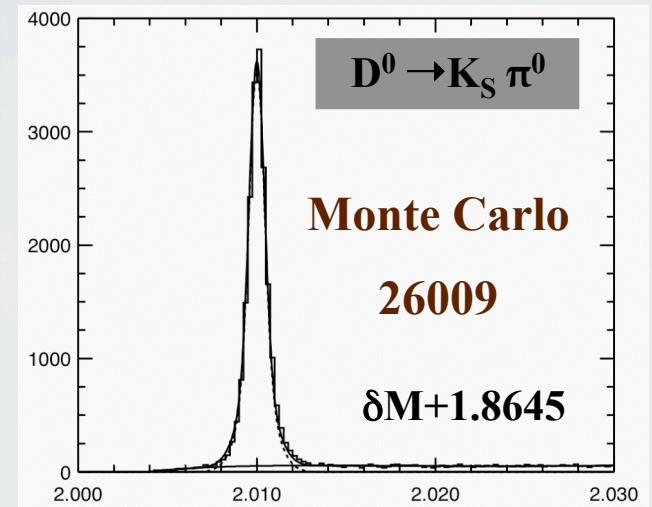
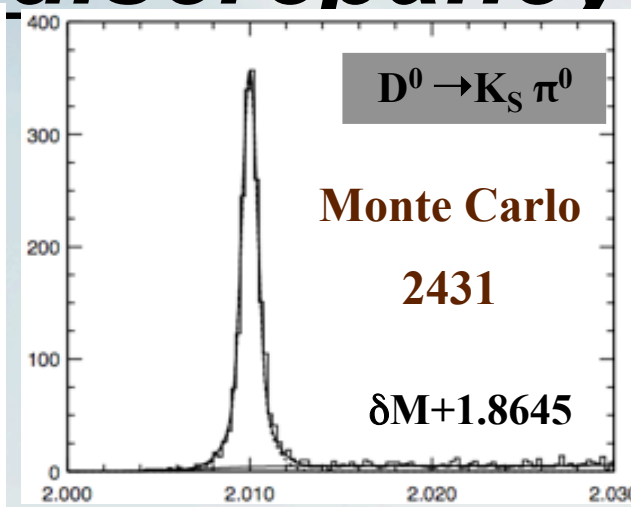
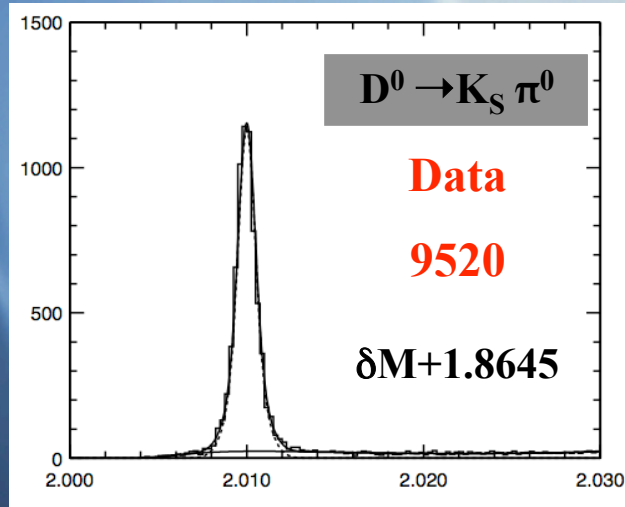
Recapitulation.....

- ☒ We had this measurement in Belle with a small data set (23/fb) that produced a conference publication ref. *ArXiv: hep-ex/0107078 v2*
- ☒ My measurement improved the yields noticeably especially for the K0L modes at the same background level, plots will follow
- ☒ I studied data/MC, MC being roughly 3 x data size (32/fb)
- ☒ Presented in BAM, sept 2005. There was a data/MC discrepancy
- ☒ The discrepancy was due to missing large amount of MC data (Thanks Sakai san who spotted the reason), presented in charm mtg in october

Recapitulation...., Improvement



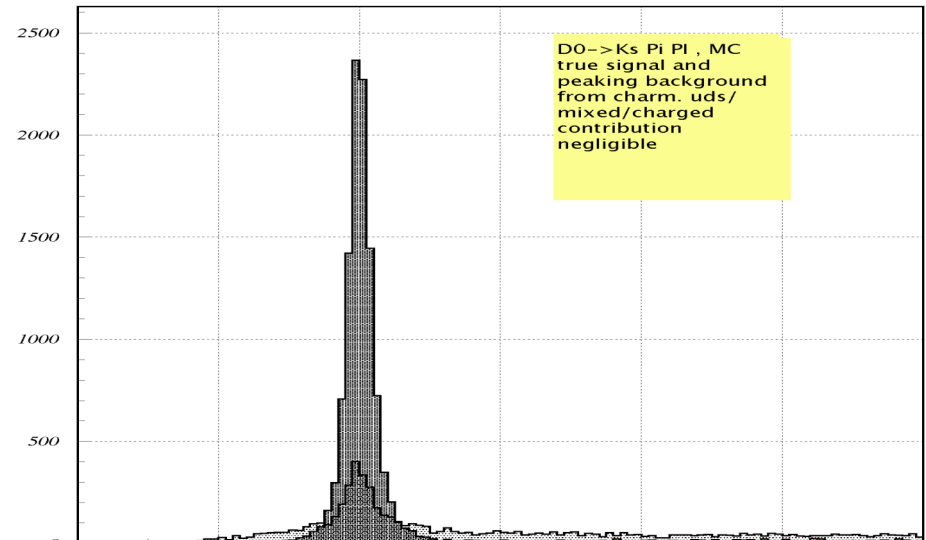
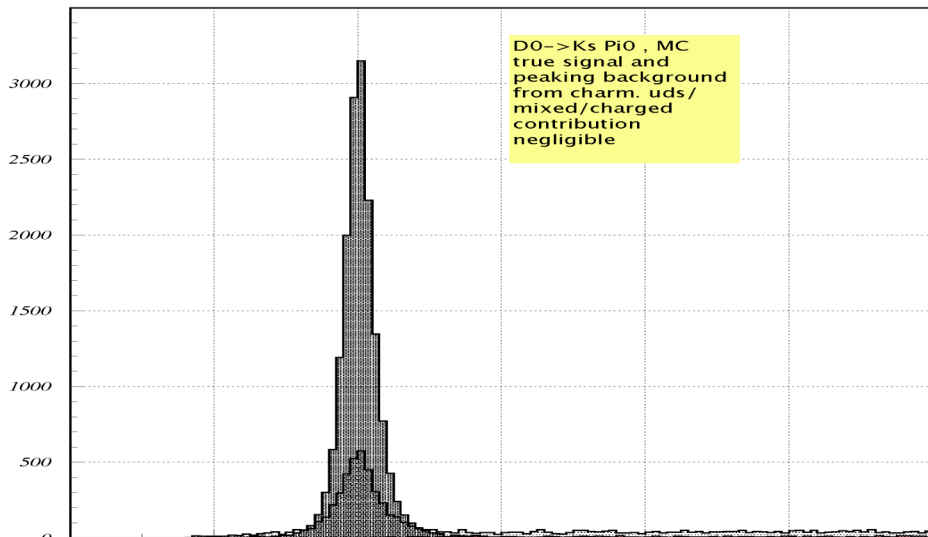
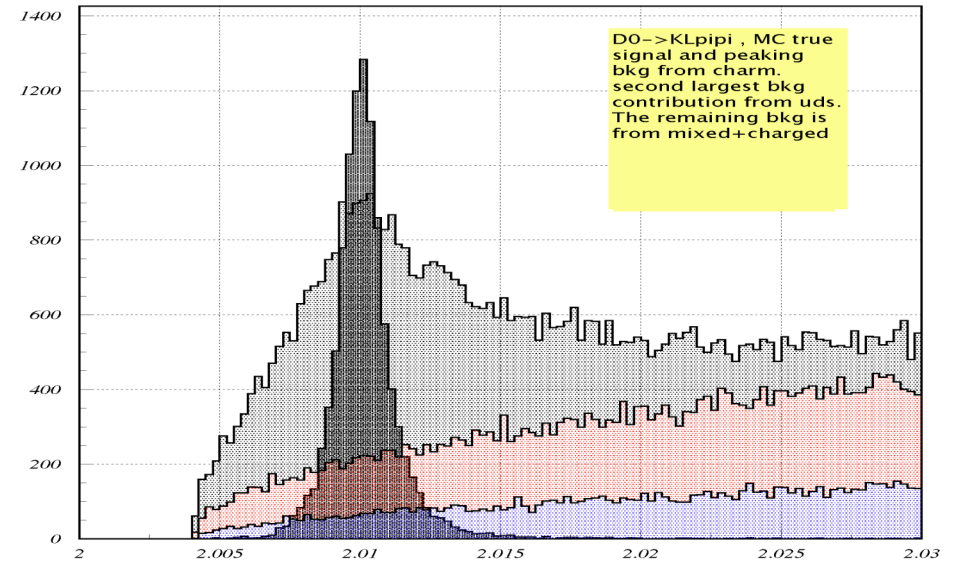
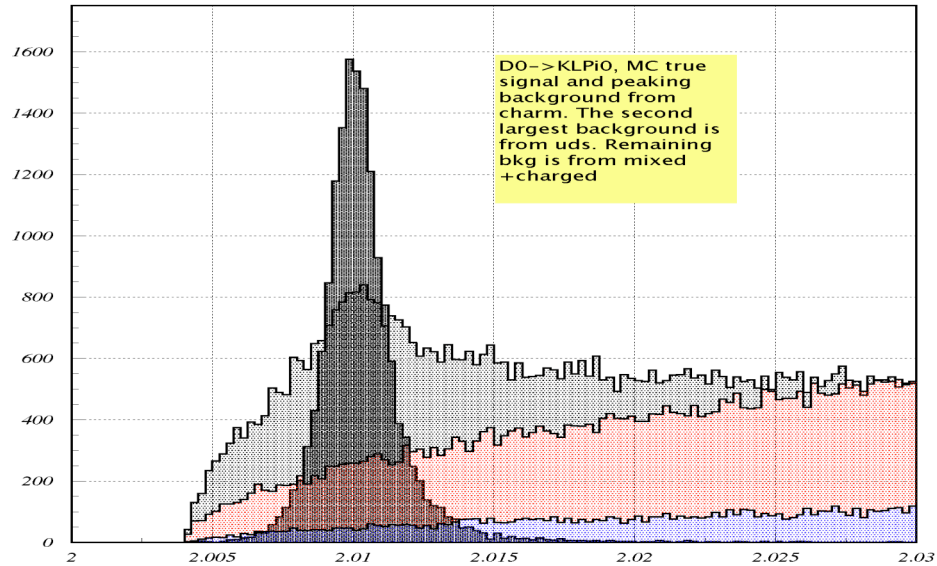
Recapitulation...., *Data/MC* *discrepancy*



Whats new?..., MC Truth and background

- I have done MC truth studies where I match reconstructed final state particles with a closely matching generated particle
- For the mdst charged/ gamma I used standard belle routine. For K0l s I have used an angular matching of 0.1 radian
- If the matched final state particles in the constitute a signal decay in the generated table I identify it as true signal
- I have categorised background into charm/uds/mixed+charged
- The charm component seems to contribute a peaking component right under the signal.

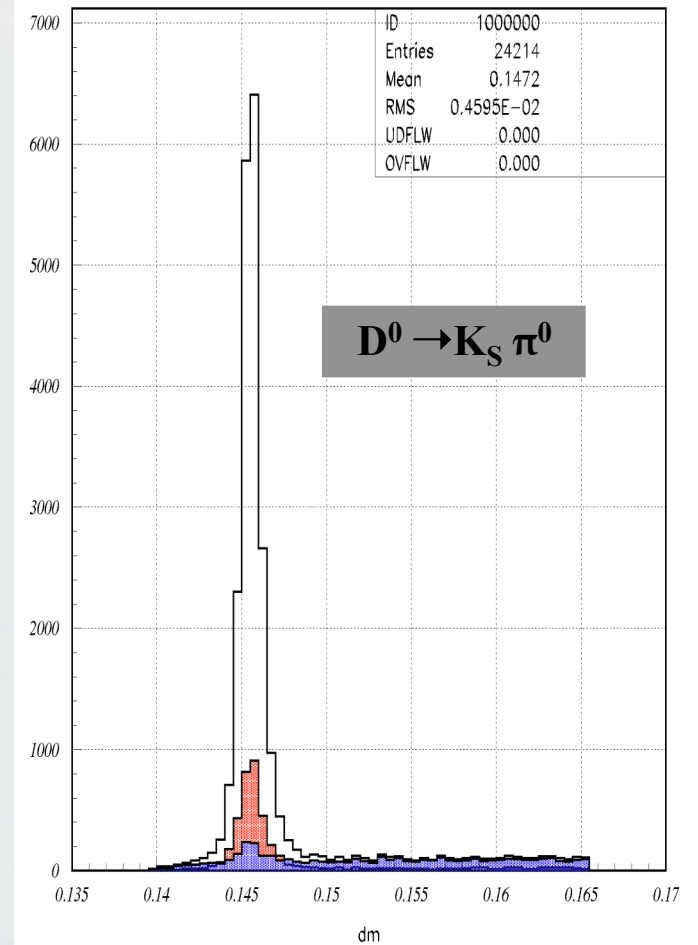
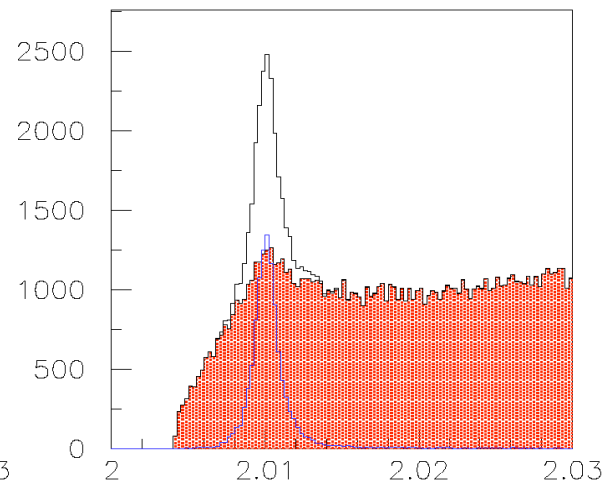
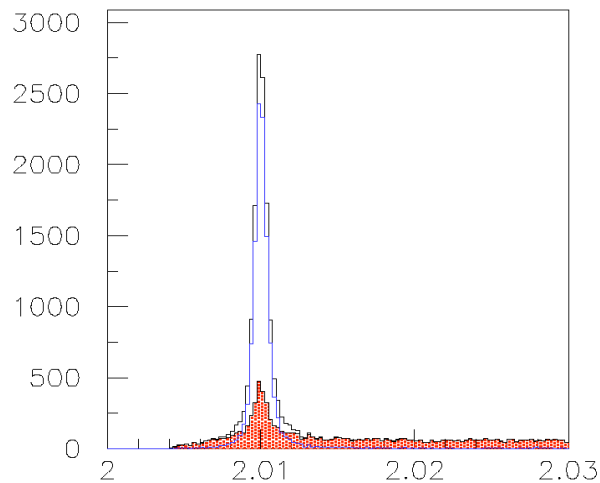
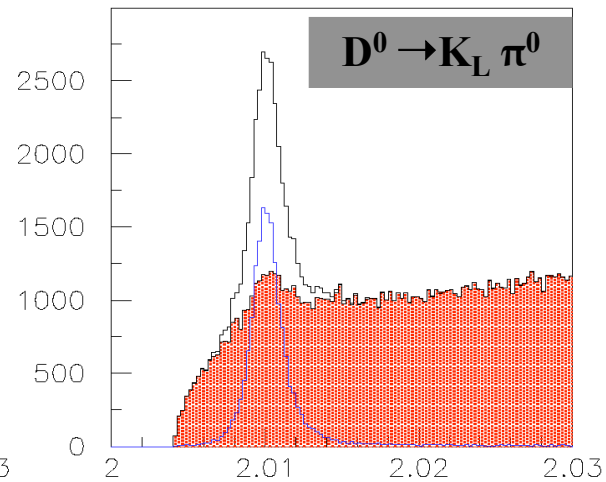
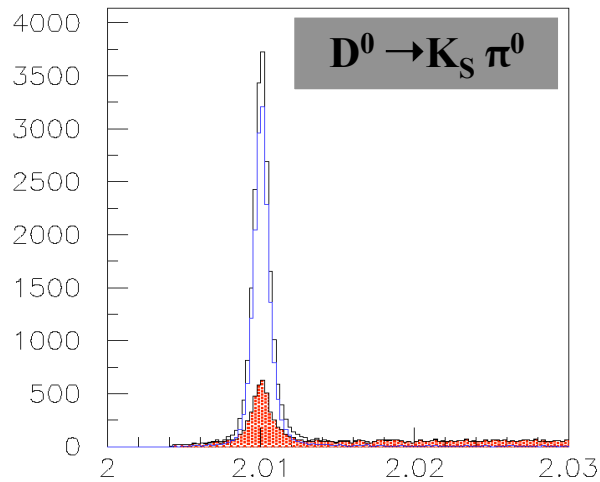
Results from Background study....,



Results from Background study....,

- Now I regrouped the events into signal and background only and we see the peak in all 4-modes.
- I picked out the $D \rightarrow K^0_S \pi^0$ mode and it turns out that the peaking component sitting right under the signal is actually signal
- This happens because the decay conditions I applied assumed π^0 decay into 2 gammas. But turns out in some cases the π^0 undergoes pair production but I have been able to reconstruct the π^0 . Its true π^0 and constitutes the signal. (Thanks to Leo)
Good news!
- I guess rest of the cases are subjected to some kind of misidentification although they are also true signal although I

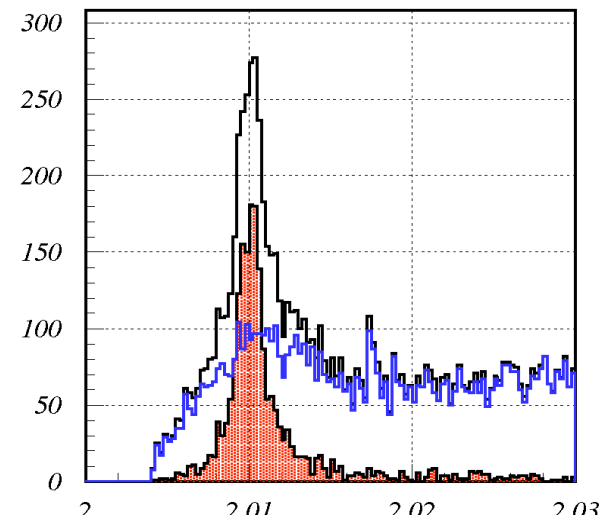
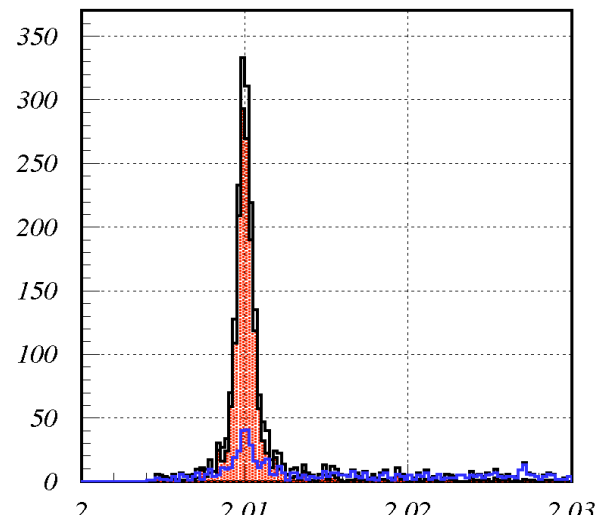
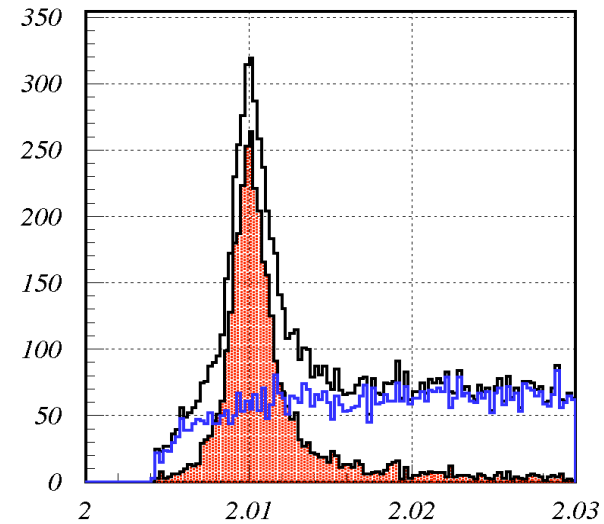
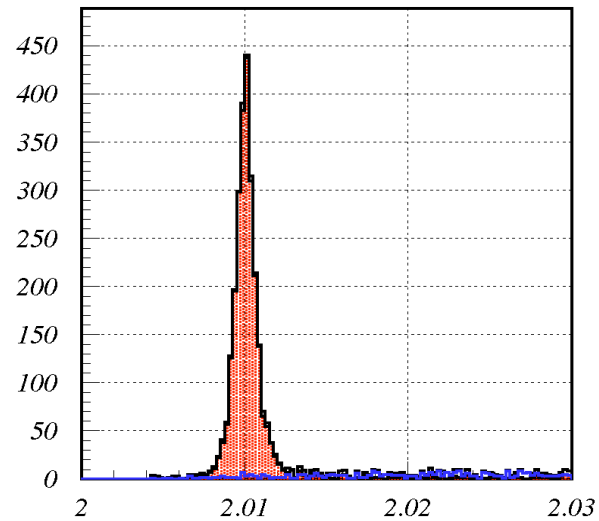
Background, whats peaking?....



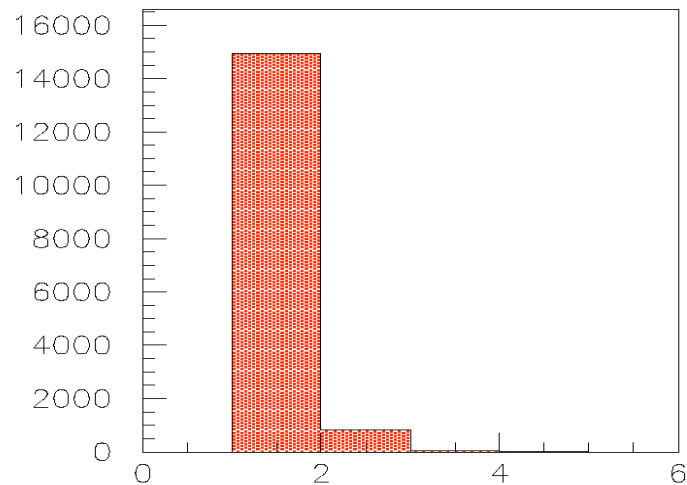
Simpler alternative....

- Pasha suggested to remove the signal in the generated table and study the signal and background shape
- Had to code in some variables and conditions and rerun analysis jobs. Analysed charm MC (on-resonance from exp 07 only for faster result) as this was the only source for the peaking component.
- Lets us look at the result, freshly squeezed out of analysis farm.

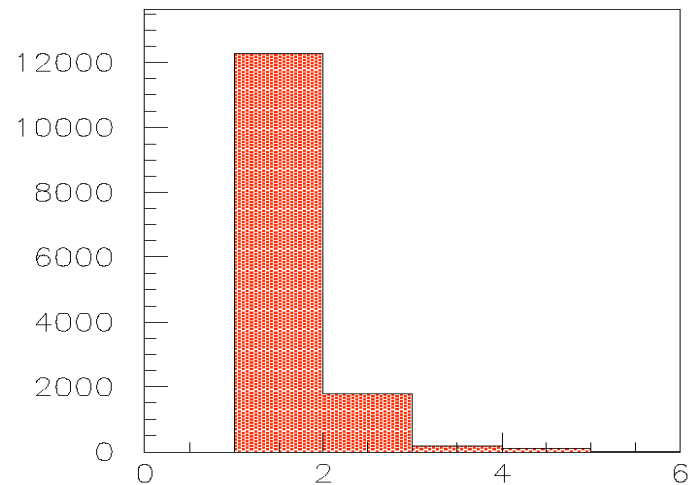
Background and Signal in MC



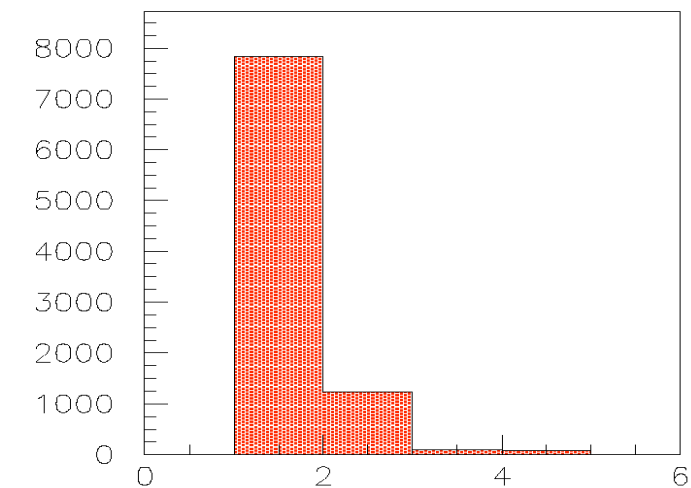
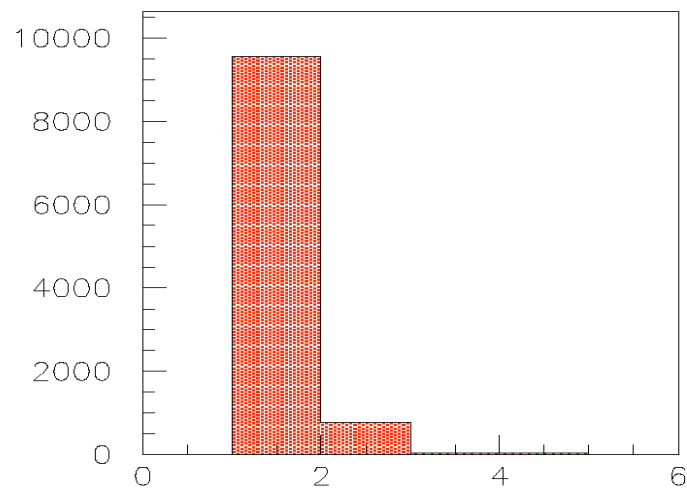
Multiple candidates??....



KOs pi0



KOI pi0



Next in the Agenda.....

- Now is the right time to update to the full data-set (450/fb ?) and systematics/statistics error estimations from fit.
- I plan at a conference publication with the above and will work towards the update as fast as possible.
- The next step would be to improve the systematics by studying several options. With the possible improvements I aim at a Journal publication and thesis.
- Everybody's suggestions for improvement are welcome